DRAW GAME IN THE SENATE

THE SENATORS PROM THE NEW STATES FIXING THEIR TERMS BY LOT.

A Bride in Gorgeous Apparel in the Gal-leries Nenator Sherman Introduces the First Bill of the Mession, and it was One Declaring Trusts Unlawful-An Ava-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The galleries of the Senate presented a deserted appearance previous to the hour of assembling. The diplomatic gallery was vacant. The members' gallery had a few in it, and the public gallery contained pienty of unoccupied seats. A bride arrayed in most gorgeous apparel, was the only object of interest for the Senators to look at The two embargo Senators from North Dakota. Gilbert A. Pierce and Lyman R. Casey, were on the floor. Pierce is physically a match for Squire of Washington, while Casey is young and elerical looking. They are unanimously bald beaded. Senator Ingalis acted as chaperon and did the introducing. Both were dressed in black, and therefore correctly ar-

It was two minutes after 12 when Chaplain Butler began his prayer. Thirty-nine Senators good up, but Voorhees of Indiana contented himself with taking his broad forehead in his big fist. Secretery McCook rattled off the record of the previous day, and the Senate was ready for business. Senator Cullom of Illinois got the floor first. He presented a big paper. tied with blue ribbon and embellished with a red seal. It told in many words that Gilbert A. Pierce had been chosen as a Senator from Korth Dakota. Just then Executive Secretary Pruden entered the chamber. He had a bulky envelope sealed with wax. It had evidently just come from the White House. Capt. Bassett flew to his side, but he had to wait. President Morton had recognized Senator Washburn of Minnesota, and he presented the creientials of Lyman R. Casey, the other North Dakota Senator. The document was read and a procession was formed. Senator Cullom es-certed Pierce and Senator Washburn marched with Casey. President Morton read the oath to them, and they were made Senators.

In the mean time Capt, Bassett had been watching his opportunity. He did not mean to have the traditions of the Senate overturned by allowing it to do business when the President wanted a hearing. He made the usual commencement, took the envelope from Mr. Pruden's hands and gave it to President Mor-ton. It was marked "Executive business," and so the Executive Clerk took it. It proved later to be a list of nominations, most of which have already been announced. The only new one of importance was that of David J. Brewer. to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Senator Hoar then got the floor. He explained his resolution providing for the assignment of the places of the six new Senators. One-third of the Senators retired every two one-third of the Senators bad to be assigned properly to keep the sections equal. Several of the Senators did not understand Senator Hoar's lottery, but they could suggest nothing better. Senator Cullom of Illinois broke into the debate by asking leave to have read a resolution proved to be one which had been adopted by the Legislature of North Dakota. It stated that Senator Pierce had been elected for the long term. Senator Hoar said that the Constitution did not provide any method for assigning Senators. It had always been customary for the Senate must be keit exactly equal. Senator Call of Florida objected. He said that the Fenate must be keit exactly equal. Senator Call of Florida objected. He said that the rights of the States to say who they should have for Senator should not be interfered with. He was not in favor of Senator Hoar's grab-bag scheme. The resolution was adopted, however. Senator Call being the only ene who voted against it.

Then Capt Basset brought in what looked like a contribution box. It had an "S" shaped aperture in the top. Secretary McCook was bouy folding up three bits of paper on which he had marked the figures 1.2 and 3. This was to decide the precedence of the States in drawing, and the result was that Allengot 1, Mooity 2, and Casey 3. This gave Washington the first chance in the ensuing competition. South Dakota the next, and North Dakota the last. Then Secretary McCook got two more bits of paper and marked them I and 2. He put them in the contribution box and shook it up just as if he was pipping corn. Senators Allen and Squire stepped forward and drew. Senator until 1893, while Squire drew 2, which closes his term in 1891. Then came the term of South Dakota the next, and Moody 2, which closes his term in 1891. Then came the term of South Dakota to step forward, One paper was plank and the ord in the contribution box and shook it up just as if he was pipping corn. Senators Allen and Squire stepped to the iron. This time three bits of paper were put in Cant. Bassett's box. No I years and the new Senators had to be assigned properly to keep the sections equal. Several of

mained drawing. Senator Casey got it, and Senator Pierce drew the blank. Then two more rapers were put in the box containing the numbers of the remaining two classes. 2 and 3. Senator Pierce secured 2, and his term will end in 1891. Senator Casey got the long-get term, rotwithstanding the action of the Lagislature of North Dakota asking that it be given to Pierce. Pierce. aber of reports were ordered printed.

Then came the time for the introduction of bills. Senator Sherman jumped to his feet like a schoolboy. Senator George of Mississippi also wanted the floor. President Morton recognized the Senator frem Ohio, who introduced a bill declaring trusts unlawful. Then he turned to Senator George, who sent up a similar bill. It was a race between the two Senators, and the actual veteran from Ohio won. Senator Call was next recognized. When the Cerks saw what he had they turned pale. He sent bill after bill to the desk, and when he had done there were fifty more to his credit. This caused Senator Hoar to look at the clock and then at the Benators Geoks. He evidently concluded that there was to be a blockade. He asked unanimous consent that the residing of bills by their titles be dispensed with. Objection was made, and the Clerk continued his monotonous chant as Senator after Senator handed their pet bills to the pages. About 600 were put in the legislative hopper.

Senator Spooner faithered two election bills. Senator Spooner faithered two election on and chatted with each lother while this uninteresting performance was proceeding.

When the bills were exhausted Senator Stewart of Nevada immediately wrote a resolution providing for an additional reading clerk. He evidently thought that another such as avalanche of bills would kill Clerk Johnson. He meant to have a good one, as the resolution made it necessary that the clerk should be lested in the Senator and was a part of the way and the senator have a good one, as the resolution made it necessary that the clerk should be lested in the Senator have a senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a senator have a senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a good one, as the resolution made in the Senator have a good one, as the resolution made the senator have a Then came the time for the introduction of

an arainnche of bills would kill Clerk Johnson. He meant to have a good one, as the resolution made it necessary that the clerk should be lested in the Senate before he was engaged. It was sent to the Committee on Kules. Senator Slockbridge of Michigan followed with a proposition to appoint W. R. Reynolds Leeper of the Benate Stables," and give him \$1.500 a year for it. It was referred. The little Missourian, Senator Vest, had a resolution sent to the Committee on Commerce calling for information about the salaries and less opnounce of consular offices.

saling for information about the salaries and less of consular offices.

Then Senator Hour asked that the special committee of three on the relations between this country and Canada be continued. He voted yea, no one voted nay, and new life was given the committee.

On motion of Senator Sherman the Senate decided to "receed to the consideration of security business." The visitors left the galaries also doors were closed, and it was just false minutes before they were opened. In the mean time the Senate had referred the various somitons sent in by the President in the big evelope to the proper committees for consideration. It took just three hours and fiften minutes to do the business.

And a closed the first real working day of the first closed and deliberace Senate of the valued states.

Asother Ship but No English North.

Another Ship but No Further News. The steamer Hipparchus arrived from Rio deiro yesterday morning. She is a freight steamer, ed came with a cargo of coffee to her agents. Bush &

RIS MIND UPSET BY SPIRITUALISM. A Young Man Attempts to Kill Rober

A tall, thin young man stopped in front of Robert C. Cashin's furniture store at Nineteenth street and Sixth avenue about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, gazed up and down the street for a moment, and then hastily descending the steps that lead to the store, opened the door and entered. The store is packed full of all sorts of furniture, and the young man stood near the entrance looking about him. He was dressed shabbily. Mr. Cashin walked up to him and asked what he wanted.

"Is your name Cashin?" asked the young

Mr. Cashin said it was,

"Are you a Spiritualist?" Mr. Cashin thought that some friend was daying a joke on the young man, and being willing to help it, said he was. "I thought so," cried the young fellow. "Now,

want to know why you persecute me?" "Persecute you," exclaimed Mr. Cashin,

why, you must be crary."

The young man stepped back and without a word whipped a S8-callbre revolver from his pocket and levelled it at Mr. Cashin's head. Mr. Cashin is a large man. He grabbed the weapon while the young fellow struggled desperately to break loose from the grio Mr. Cashin had on him. In the struggle the weapon

weapon while the young fellow struggled desperately to break loose from the grio Mr. Cashin had on him. In the struggle the weapon was discharged. The ball entered Mr. Cashin's right hand, near the wrist, and bassing diagonally through it, struck a desk with sufficient force to splinter the wood. Mr. Cashin finally threw the young man bask ward upon a lounge. The visitor wriggled free and springing to his feet rushed upon John Fitzpatrick, the book-keeper, and struck him a violent blow over the right eye with the butt of the weapon, cutting the flesh to the bone.

A boy ran for a policeman, and, two blocks away, found Policeman Johnson, who fumediately tuckled the young man, who fought so flercely that the bookkeeper and the truckman were called upon to help subdue him.

The prisoner was taken to the Thirtieth street police station, where he said he was Frank Bellin. 30 years old. He was then taken to the Jefferson Market Police Court, where two charges of feloulous assault were made against him. He was held in \$5,000 bail on one charge, and \$3,000 on the other. Mellin said that he wanted to put Mr. Cashin out of the way because he exercised over him an evil influence either of spiritualistic or mesmeric power. This influence, he said, prevented his obtaining work, and consequently kept him poor and miserable.

Mellin is a draughteman. Last fall he hired a furnished room in Mr. Cashin's house at 70 West Nineteenth street, and lived there for a few weeks, when he was requested to vacate the apartment because of complaints made against him by the other tenants. Mellin was in the habit of burning his gas all night and of keeping the door of his room wide open. In the small hours he used to pace up and down the hall, mumbling to himself. For the past two weeks, Mellin has had no work. For several days before the shooting he remained in his room, diligentity reading a ponderous volume, called the Library of Mesmerism. The author is will mean fishorough, and the book deals with "the macrocosm and microcosm of the pag

half a dozen pills of ergot.

Mr. Cashin does not believe in spiritualism.

and he said he had never seen Mellin until he
walked into his store yesterday.

DID SHE STEAL THE MONEY!

The Plight of Emily Moody as Revealed in

a Newark Court. A woman who called herself Emily Moody was examined in the First Precinct Court in Newark yesterday on a charge of stealing \$52 from a German named Ferdinand Schadow. She is a New York woman, but she was living at the Hotel Bristol in Newark with Edward Moody, who made her acquaintance in this city several months ago. According to the testimony she kept an appointment with Schadow. who accested her on the street on Monday morning. On Tuesday Edward Moody called at Schadow's boarding house and asked him if

Killed the Man Who Plagued Him,

CHICAGO, Dec. 4 .- Charles Richter, the Anumber of reports were ordered printed, and referred to the appropriate committees. One was by the Acting Secretary of the Treasury. The Becretary of the Treasury in reference to trade and traffic between this country and Mexico. Another was that of the Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Navy reported on the present condition of the retired list, and the propried library of Congress was also made the subject of an exhaustive treatise. The Secretary of the Senate submitted an account of his receipts and disbursements for the last fiscal year.

When all those were out of the way the time for petitions had arrived. Senator Culiom of Illigois started in with one from the Shorthorn Breeders' Association in favor of Chicago as a site for the World's Fair. He was followed by a number of other Senators, and the Clerk's desk was covered when President Morton heard no responses to his call for more.

The resolution giving Senator Hiscock's committee a clerk was favorably reported and passed.

Then came the time for the introduction of the senator of the State said he was standing. A witness for the State said he was standing.

menter.

A witness for the State said he was standing near the door and heard Richter say. I will kill you for that." but another man standing just as near said he heard no such thing. The prisoner took the sentence of the court quietly. His lawyer asserted that Richter had been andly provoked, and was justified in defending himself. "Seventeen years," said the Court. "Is the least sentence upon the evidence I have heard that I can impose."

A Train Runs Into a Crowd of Workmen. WILKESBARRE, Dec. 4 .- A shocking accident occurred at 6% o'clock this morning at the Hazle street crossing of the Jersey Central Railroad. The labor train which conveys workmen from this city to the company's shops at Ashley was due at the Hazle station and several hundred men were waiting for it. A number of them walked up the track a short number of them waiked up the track a short distance to meet the train and secure good seata. Suddenly a fast freight train from the south approached at high speed. The men jumped from the north-bound track to the south bound, when the labor train, rushing around a sharp curve, plunged into them. In their scrambling many were thrown down or against the two trains. Two men were struck by the freight and two by the labor train. Benjamin Polsue, aged 60, was instantly killed. He leaves a wife, but no children, William Bront, aged 60, was cut in two. He leaves a family of grown children. Steven Steffel, a Polander, aged 60 was cut in two. He leaves a family of grown children. Steven Steffel, a Polander, aged 60 was cut in the heaptial, but will die. Conrad Linat agel 30 years, had his skull fractured. His injuries will probably prove fatal.

The Japanese Satior's Defence.

Shiblok Jugijo, the Japanese sailor who is on trial before Justice Brady for the murder of Muro Commi, tells a story of the occurrences in the Japanese sailors' boarding house in 84 James street on the night of the murder which differs somewhat from that brought out by the

differs somewhat from that brought out by the presecution.

Charley Emoto, the bearding house keeper, told his story yeaterday. Juglio, he said, was quarrelsome, and grew angry because Emoto had got a place on a ship for Commi. Emoto got Juglio to bed, but he got up afterward, secured a knife, and stealthily plunged it into Commis heart.

Juglio's lawyer, in opening the case for the defence, said the quarrel grew out of a game of dice. Juglio was watching the game and making suggestions to the players. Somebody threw a hammer at his head. He dedged it, and grabled the knife for defence. The knife, it was asserted, came from a tool chest, and not from the kitchen.

The case will probably go to the jury to-day.

The case will probably go to the jury to-day.

A Newark Pastor Accepts a Call to Hemp-

The Rev. John A. Davis, pastor of the Second Reformed hurch in Newark, has sant his resistuation to the trustees and accepted a call to Hempiesad, L. I. He, will leave on the last day of the year.

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

SENATOR EDMUNDS'S PLAN FOR A NA-TIONAL PROTESTANT UNIFERSITY.

A Semewhat Similar Proposition Made by Senator Ingalls in the Forty-sinth Con-gress-Judge Brower of Mausas Nomi-nated to the Vacant Stat on the Supremo Bench-A Son of One of the New Sens-tors Appelated a Page in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The action of Sena-

tor Edmunds in broaching in the Senate caueus yesterday his plan for a great National Protestant University in Washington created quite a flurry among the Sepators, and was a general topic of conversation among them today. Some of the Senators agree with Mr. Edmunds that a Protestant University should be founded, while others endorse the opinion of Senstor Sherman, which he expressed in the caucus yesterday, that the institution should be strictly non-sectarian, Senator Edmunds has been impressed with proposes for several years, and during these last few weeks he has given the subject much careful thought and study. The idea is not original with him, nor is he the first Senator to thus take a step in the direction of carrying out the wishes of George Washington as expressed in his will. Senator Ingalis in the Forty-ninth Congress introduced a bill for the establishment of a national university in the District of Columbia. This bill went some-what into detail as to the plans and scope of the university, but of course contained nothing that would indicate the author's views as

to the sectarian or non-sectarian , character of

the university. The bill of Senator Ingalis provided that the government of the university should be vested in a Board of Regents, a Council of Education, and a Council of Faculties. It provided that the Board of Regents should consist of one member of each State of the United States, to be appointed by the Governor thereof; five members at large, to be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the following members ex-officio: The Chief Justice of the United States, Commissioner of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commissioner Commissioner of Agriculture. Cemmissioner of Patents, Superintendent of the Coast Survey, Superintendent of the Naval Observatory. Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. President of the National Academy of Sciences, President of the National Academy of Sciences, President of the National Educational Association, President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, President of the American Association, President of the American Social Science Association, and the chief officer of the university. The bill carried with it an appropriation of \$5,000,000, to be controlled by the Board of Regents. Provision is made in Mr. Ingalis's bill also for an annual report to Congress.

controlled by the Board of Regents. Provision is made in Mr. Engalis's bill also for an annual report to Congress.

The bill which Mr. Edmunds has in mind is prepared somewhat on the lines of the Incalis bill, with the addition of a provision making the institution anti-Roman Catholic in his character. The attention of public men and the public generally has been called recently to the question of a National University by the large space devoted in Henry Cabot Lodge's recent life of Washington to the matter of money left in the will of the Father of His Country for the endowment of a university of this kind at the National Capital. That provision of Washingtons will has never been acted upon, and historians and public men have been giving considerable attention of late to the propriety of carrying out Washington's wishes and suggestions. Mr. Edmunds's partisan proposition will at least arouse wide discussion, if presented in the shape of a bill, even if no definite action is taken in regard to it.

It is the proud boast of Representative Dorsey of Nebraeka that he numbers among his constituents the Hon. William F. Cody. known sey of Nebraeka that he numbers among his constituents the Hon. William F. Cody, known to the whole world as "Buffalo Bill," and now delighting the crowned heads of Europe with his Wid West Show, Mr. Dorsey was informed this morning by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that he would feel it his duly to refuse his consent to the annual renowal of the contract by which Buffalo Bill secures the services of the 300 Bioux Indians who constitute the great feature of Bill's show. In Mr. Dorsey opinion Nebraska will stand on its hind legs and how! over such an inexousable act. It is contended for the defonce that Bill's red men are the only American Indians of the present generation who never get drunk, never light or steal, and that every one who returns home with an honorable discharge becomes a missionary of Intelligence and morals among his fellows. In fact, it is urged that neither Hampton nor Carlisle can hold a candle to the Wild West Show as a moral and educational force. Mr. Dorsey has no idea that the American people will sustain Commissioner Morgan in his decision, and if the Commissioner insists he will appeal to Congress for the passage of a joint resolution for the restoration of Buffalo Bill's rights. Of the favor of Congress he has no doubt. Should the legislation fail, however, Bill will have to steal some Indians of an inferior pattern, as a rival showman did a year ago, or, as a last resort, hire some of the Canadian variety, an unpartrotic thing which would cut Bill's patriotic heart to the quick. at Schadow's boarding house and asked him if he had lost his pocketbook. Schadow lelt in his pocket and announced that he bad. Moody then gave bin the pocketbook, which contained papers indicating that it belonged to him.

"That is mine." said the German. "but where is the \$52 it contained?" had the pocketbook was picked up in the street by his wile. "I will talk to her." said Schadow, and on going to the Hotel Bristol with Moody he recognized Mrs. Moody as the woman whose acquaintance he had made so easily. Bevelations were made on the spot, and Moody admitted that he had suspected the woman of associations with other men, but had never caught her before. Sie denied all knowledge of the money, and said she kicked the pocketbook was his.

She was arrested, and is held for trial, Schadow was held in ball to annear against her. She is a middle-aged woman, dreases well, and is pleasant looking. Moody is a small, gray haired Englishman, and lives on his income.

Clerk McPherson has made the following appointments: Charles R. Mchenny of Minnesota to be Enrolling Clerk, who king of Illinois. and Judson Holcomb of Pennsylvania to be index Clerk, vice Otley of Virginia. The appointees formerly held the places to which they have been appointed. Exra L. Moorebouse of New York has been appointed Assistant Librarian of the House, vice Barnett.

The President to-day nominated David J. The President to-day nominated David J. Brewer of Kansas to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Judge Brewer is about 50 years old and a native of Smyrna. Asia Minor. His father, the Rev. Josiah Brewer, was a missionary to that country when the Justice was born, but returned to this country when David was 3 years old. The appointee graduated from Yale College in the same class with Judge Brown of Detroit and John Mason Brown of Kentucky, both of whom were prominently named in connection with the appointment. After a year's study of the law in New York city Mr. Brewer removed to Kansas, where he sarly took a prominent place in his profession. He served two terms of six years each on the bench of the Supreme Court of that State, and had entered upon the third term when President Arthur appointed him Judge of the Eighth Judical Circuit to succeed George W. McCrary, Justice Brewer is a nephew of Justice Stephen J. Field, his mother having been a member of the famous Field family. The appointment is generally well received. Justice Millier, over whose circuit Justice Brewer has presided, speaks of him in the warmest terms, ranking him among the ablest Judges on the bench.

There is an interesting little incident connected with the appointment of Judge Brower, A week ago the President Informed one of the Michigan Senators that the contest had narrowed down to two—Judge Brown of Michigan and one other person, He did not say who that other person was Last night this Michigan Senator's colleague was at the White House, and learned then that Judge Brewer would probably be appointed. Michigan, which is in the Nath Judgeal Brown and Aired lussell. Senator Stockbridge Brown and Brewer were equal favorless with him, and their qualithat he would be honored. President Harrison w Brewer of Kansas to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Judge

the coming man for the next vacancy in the court.

At the Capitol to-day those of the Senators and Representatives who are acquainted with Judge Brewer spycke of him in the highest terms. Benator Davis of Minnesota is his most intimate friend among the Senators, and he was loud in praise of the new Justice. A few of the Senators however, found objection of Judge Brewer because of his alleged prohibition sentiments. It is known that he has been warming endorsed by leading Prohibitionists in the West, and it is said that many of his decisions favored the Prohibition party. The appointment is credited mainly to the influence of Senator Plumb, added to the high opinion which President Harrison has long heid of Judge Brewer and his legal abilities. The first hard work in behalf of Judge Brewer's appointment was done by Senator Plumb during the mysterious visit which he paid to Fresident Harrison last summer at his cottage in Deer Park. The President's attention haddeenicalled before that time to Judge Brewer's qualifications, and it is said that the President personally read over Judge Brewer's qualifications, and it is said that the

leading opinions. The President was also attracted by the fact that Judge Brewer is a young man, and a hard-working and conscientions lawrer and Judge. It is the opinion in the Senate that the nomination will be at once confirmed.

It is understood that Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts does not want the Chairmanship of the Naval Affaira Committee, and that either Mr. Boutelle or Mr. Harmer, probably the latter, will get that place. Mr. Ledge will probably be Chairman of the Committee on Election of President and Vice-President. The fact that he should want this place, which ordinarily is a very unimportant one, when he could get most anything he wants, sives rise to the impression that this committee is to be more important this Coagress than usual, and in fact, such is the expectation. As Chairman of that committee, it is understood Mr. Ledge expects to report a bill for a Federal election law which the Republican party will exert its best endeavors to pass through both House and Senate. If such a bill should be reported the Democrats would realst it to the last extremity, and the leader of this contest on the Republican side would gain a wide reputation. The committee reporting it would leav from obscurity into one of the most prominent positions in the House.

The Secretary of the Navy to-day awarded to chusetts does not want the Chairmanship of

The Secretary of the Navy to-day awarded to the Midvale Steel Company of Philadelphia the contract for supplying steel for use in the contract for supplying steel for use in the contract for two 5,000-ten cruisers to be built by the Government at New York and Noriok. The price is \$55,000. The contract for furnishing bother tubes for the machinery was awarded to William A. Wheeley of New York for \$15,489. Nepotism has begun early in the United

States Senate this session. Senator Moody of South Dakota, who to-day had the ill-luck to South Dakota, who to-day had the ill-luck to draw the short term in the Senatorial lottery, is partly compensated for his mislortune by having secured the appointment of his son, Warren Moody, to be a page on the floor of the Senate. The boy has been sworn in, taken the oath of office to support the Constitution, and will hereafter draw a salary of \$2.50 n day, Sundays and holidays included. The appointment of Senator Moonly's aon is charged to Senator Pettigrew. Mr. Moody's colleague, Officials of the Senate, some of whom have been in service a quarter of a century or agore, say that this is the first instance within their recollection when a Senator's son has filled the office of page.

A great flood of bills poured in upon the Senate co-day. Hundreds and hundreds were introduced, and there are many more to follow. Not one out of forty will pass either House. Many of these bills were painfully familiar to the Reading Clerk as they came up to his deek, the majority of them having been introduced at every session for several years. During the recess of the Benate the superintendent of the document room arranged in separate packages all the bills which each Senator introduced during the last Congress, and which failed of action. These bills were handed to the Senators, and nearly all of them simply reintroduced the whole package. One Senator refused to thus add expenditure and trouble to the Government Printing Office, and said he would introduce none of his bills unless asked to do so. If his constituents cared to have their bills introduced, he said they must take the trouble to write to him. If all the Senators thought as this one did the junx dealers in Washington would do a smaller business, but this Senator stands almost alone.

Senator Manderson to-day introduced a bill introduced, and there are many more to fol-

Senator Manderson to-day introduced a bill in accordance with the recommendation of the Secretary of War to increase the efficiency of the Infantry of the army. Each regiment shall be composed of tweive companies, with one Colonel, one Lieutenant-Colonel, three Majors, one Adjutant, and one Quartermaster. One-half of the Second Lieutenants in excess of the graduates of the Military Academy are to be appointed from the enlisted men of the army. The bill also provides that the number of enlisted men of the army shall be increased to 30,000.

Senator Evarts introduced a bill to make the Senator Evarts introduced a bill to make the salaries of the Circuit Judges of the Second Circuit \$9,000; to make the salary of the Judge of the District Court of the Southern District of New York \$7,000, and of the Northern and Eastern Districts of New Yerk \$0,000 each; to rovided for paying the travelling expenses of United States Judges when holding court at other places than the towns in which they reside.

Senator Wilson of Iowa to-day introduced a bill providing that the payment of daty or tax upon the importations into the United States of any intoxicating liquors shall not be held to make the liquor laws of any State in applicable thereto. Also amending the Inter-State Commerce act, so as to provide that any article of commerce, the manufacture and sale of which are prohibited in any state, shall not be transported and delivered within the State by any transportation company.

The Pan-American Conference spent all of The Fan-American Conference spent all of to-day's session in consideration of the rules, which were completed. No material change was made in them. A session will be held to-morrow to decide, if possible, upon the term for which the several Vice-Presidents shall serve when couled upon to preside in the ab-sence of President Blaine.

The first bill introduced in the Senate this session came from Senator Sherman, and was nimed at trusts. It is identical with the anti-Trust bill reported by him last year from the Committee on Finance, It declares all trusts unlawful, gives persons power to recover in courts whenever articles are advanced in value by combinations, and declares officers of trusts

by combinations, and declares officers of trusts guilty of misdemeanors.

Senator Regan introduced a bill in which cours the following definition of a trust: "A trust is a combination of capital, skill, or acts, by two or more persons, firms, corporations, or associations or persons, or of any two or more of them, for either, any, or all of the following purposes:

1. To create or carry out any restrictions in trade.

ing purchase, sale or transportation of merchandise, produce of commodities figure whereby the price to the produce of commodities figure whereby the price to the public shall be in any manner controlled or established of any article, commodity, merchandise, produce, or commodity in the making, manufacture, purchase sale, or transportation of any merchandise, article, produce, or commodity in the making, manufacture, it to make, or enter into or execute, or carry out any contract, obligation, or agreement of any kind or description, by which they shall induce a shall have bound themselves, not to manufacture, sell, dispose of, or transport any article, or commodity, or shall have bound themselves, not to manufacture, sell, dispose of or transport any article, or commodity, or state of the price of such article, commodity, or transportation at a fixed or graduated figure or by which they shall agree in settle the price of any article, commodity, or transportation or between themselves and others, so acto preclude free and unrestricted competition among temmelves and others in the sale and transportation of any such article or commodity, or transportation or between themselves and others, so acto preclude free and unrestricted competition among temmelves and others in the sale and transportation of any such article or commodity, or by which they shall agree to pool, combine, or units in any interest they may have in connection with the action of the price may in any manner be so affected.

The maximum penalty for engaging in a

of any such article or commodity, that its price may in any manner to so affected.

The maximum penalty for engaging in a trust is fixed at \$10,000 fine and five years' imprisonment.

By Senator George—A bill providing that all contracts, arrangements, trusts, or combinations made with a view to, or which tend to, prevent full and free competition in the transportation, importation, manufacture, or sale of any article of merchandise, shall be unlawful and in all suits brought in court arising out of contracts judgment shall be given against the trust. Power is given the President in his discretion to suspend the customs duties whenever he is satisfied that any articles have been enhanced in price by reason of trusts.

been enhanced in price by reason of trusts, The following pension bills were introduced in the Senate to-dery.

By Senator Manderson-Providing that all persons who served three mouths or more in the war and are disabled from any came not the result of their own vicious habits, and are without adequate means of self-aurport, shall be entitled to a pension at the rate of £12 a month, and that dependent parents, widows and old-dren shall be placed on the pension rolls regardless of the cause of death of the pensioner, the months and beginning the results of the pensioner of the months of the pensioner of the cause of death of the pensioner of the months of the pension and the pension of the cause of the pension derived the strength of the pension of one cent a mouth for each day's service in the army during the interwel.

By Senator Tarple (relateduced)-diranting a pension of one cent a mouth for each day's service in the army during the late war.

By Senator Tarple (relateduced)-diranting a pension inditation.

By Senator Voorbees—To increase the pension for loss Hubitation.

By Senator Voorhees—To increase the pension for loss of both hands or both feet, and of one hand and one foot or of total loss of sight to this a month, as o increasing to 530 a month the pension for loss of either a hand or foot. hand or foot. Dawes—The bill proposed by the Pension By Senator Dawes—The bill proposed by the Pension Committee of the Grand Army of the Sepublic providing that all persons who served at least three months in the late were and who are now disabled shall be pensioned at the rate of \$12 a month for total disability—that is, disability equivalent to anchylosis of the wrist

Senator Hale to-day presented a petition of the Castine Rajiway and Navigation Company of Maine, orging the passage of a law to prevent the Canadian Pacific Italiroad, or any of its ributary corporations, from transporting freight in bond through the United States whenever it is destined to or originates in the United States. The petition represents that the Canadian Pacific by means of large subsidies from the Dominion Government, is at an advantage as a competitor of American transportation companies.

The rules of the Executive Mansion have been rearranged as follows:
The Capinet will mest on Tuesdays and Fridays at 12 of lock. chick.

Senators and Representatives in Congress will be reestived by the President every day, except Mondaya.

From 10 octock until 64 A.

Fersons not members of Congress having business
will the resident will be received from 115 octock
and Cabillate octock P. M. every day, except Mondaya
and Cabillate octock P. M. every day, except Mondaya
their respects, will be received by the President in the
Hast Roum at 1 octock P. M. on Mondaya. Wednesdays,
and Saturdaya.

The editor of the At Johnsbury Republican says: "As nearly all stocking wearers know, the Shawknif Stockings are well and thoroughly made, and feel well, nock well, and wear well." All styles at H. B. Eimball's, 303 Canal st.—449.

A PERY MAGNETIC TOUNG MAN. His Great Ability to Make Things Stick

BALTIMORS, Dec. 4.-Louis, the sixteenyear-old son of Philip Hamburger, is possessed a mysterious power which is puzzling scientiffe men. This power enables him to make bjects of considerable weight adhere to his finger tips, contact only being necessary. The young man, who is quite small, has been studying chemistry some time at the Maryland Col-lege of Pharmacy, and has shown his parents and friends some astonishing feats and bits of magic. By marely pressing his fully distended fingers against a heavy cane, he holds it sus-pended in air for a long time. He is also able, by placing the balls of three fingers against the sides of a glass tube, to raise the weight of five pounds attached thereto. He says he has always remarked a peculiar feeling when ouching small objects which are wet or greasy. and in order to get the best results in his experiments he must have both the hands and objects dry and very clean. For this purpose he always washed his fingers in alcohol and ether and wipes them and the objects dry.

In the presence of friends he gave an exhibition of his powers. The first experiment was to place a number of pins around the palm of his hands and on the tips of his fingers. On holding the palms vertically the pins are found to drop only after a long time. He next showed his shiflify to pick up from the table by pressing his dry finger the assainst it any highly polished, smooth body, such as a pencil or a pen. Much more striking, however, was the manner in which a pen held perpendicularly stuck to the ends of his fingers.

Both hands have the same remarkable power, though the right one does the better work. The tips of the fingers, which are more than usually fleshy, are capable of the greatest feats. He touched his fingers against a glass tube three-quarters of an inch in diameter, and they stuck with such force that, as he pulled them away from it one after another, there was a click. The end of the tube thus raised was freighted with a ninster of paris block and on this were gradually piled leaden weights until 5's pounds were reached. This he was able to raise with the open palms.

The young man loses control of his secret force when the objects become damp by perspiration or otherwise, and can only show its action on very smooth bodies. Prof. William Simon of the Maryland College of Pharmacy has developed whatever strongth and remarkable powers the young man displays from the very smallest teginnings. He has hopes of making him perform yet more wonderful feats. At present he is engaged in experimenting with him in a scientific manner in order; to present the case to the public in a technical journal. He has called the attention of a number of medical specialists in this city to the case, and all are at a loss to give an adequate explanation.

On the lith inst. young Hamburger, accombanded by his preceptor, will give an exhibition of periments he must have both the hands and biacts dry and very clean. For this purpose

BAPPY EMIGRATION COMMISSIONERS.

Beasting a Victory Over the Collector in

the Mansolf and Gardner Cases. The Emigration Commissioners were very ubilant vesterday over what they claimed was a victory for their Board over Collector Erhardt, who has contended that the Commissioners are not the ones to decide finally what disposition shall be made of newly arrived immigrants whose ability to take care of themselves is doubted by the Commissioners. The proclaimed victory was in the form of a letter from Secretary Windom to President Ridgway. of the Commission, in reply to a letter of inquiry from the Board as to what it should do with Elizabeth Mansoli, who returned from her home in Germany recently, and who has been detained at Ward's I-land as insane, and with John E. Gardner, the English carpenter whom the Commissioners shave detained on Ward's Island for three months, at a cost of \$240, pending a settlement of the question whether he shall be allowed to land or not. Gardner says that he has never been a pauper, and that he will join a union and get work if the Commissioners will give him freedom to seek employment here. Hr. Windom says:

"In Gardner's case, it is for you to determine whether he is strong and healthy, and is likely to make his way with his wife and children. From the necessity of the case, the department must leave a case of this kind entirely to your judgment." quiry from the Board as to what it should do

Of Elizabeth Mansolf's case, the Secretary It appears her son says that he will, if permitted, take her home to Meriden, Conn., where his father and himself will care for her, as the case is under your personal observation it is for you to determine whether father and son will take care of her and save her from becoming a public charge."

EXCHANGES IN JAPAN.

Want Fluancial and Commercial Bodies on Western Models. CHICAGO, Dec. 4 .- T. Ogawa, a member of the Organization Committee of the Tokio (Japan) Bourse, is here on his way to New York.

He said to a reporter: "There are in Japan twelve rice and five stock exchanges. The licenses under which they are now operated expired on June 1, 1991, after which time it is desired by the Japanese Government and the principal exchange man-Government and the principal exchange managers that certain improved methods should be introduced, and for this purpose the aid and cooperation of leading merchants and business men of Japan was invited. In order to better bring about the result it was thought best to institute inquiries both in Europe and America as to the methods of conducting exchanges there. I was appointed one of a Commission for collecting such data. Much is expected by my people as to the result of the report which my Commission will make and for this reason I respectfully go about bothering your Board of Trade and exchange people."

Mr. Ogawa will occupy a year in America gathering his information.

National Wool Growers' Meeting WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- At the National Wool Growers' meeting to-day a committee to prepare an address to the wool growers of the

United States was appointed. Its report will probably be presented to-morrow. Judge Lawrence of Ohio delivered an address upon the subject of wool growing in the United States. The Hon. Columbus Delano of Ohio. President of the National Wool Growers' Association. then delivered his annual address. He began by saying that both food and clothing should be produced at home, not purchased from abroad, when the people who consume them have facilities for their production. Necessity alone can justify their importation. He added: Suppose its hadion involved in a war, foreign or domestic, of serious dimensions, like that, for example, of the late rebellion; suppose our commerce emusrassed, as it was at that time; suppose our demand for wool in greater than it then was and suppose that free trade had desiroyed the sheep industry and turned over to foreign nations the production of our wool and we may be able to appreciate the folly, if not the crime, of attempting to put wool on the free list. Indusned by the act of 188% he continued "wool growing languishes throughout the United States, and without relief it must soon perish. In fexas the wool clin of 1883 was of the value of \$2.923,231 in 1887 it was \$5.016,174, showing a loss of \$4.211,590. Is it desirable to extinguish the industry best adapted to this vast section under the cry of "Free trade" or "Free wool". He then read statistics from well-known authorities tending to show the necessity of protection in order to preserve the wool industry. At the conclusion of the address the meeting adjourned, and the delegates in a body called on the President and Secretary Busk. by saying that both food and clothing should

Three Killed and One Injured in One Day. Three persons were killed and one mortally injured on the railroads in Jersey City yesterday. John Williams in years old of Grand street Jersey City, was caught between two freight cars in the Central Railroad yard at Communipaw yesierday and crushed to death. James A. Williams, 18 years old, of Henderson street, James A. Williams, its years old, or nenderson street, Jersey tity, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Hallroad, was run over by a frain at the Henderson street sroas-ing and killed. A boy, aloud 17 years old, who was stealing a ride on a freight train on the Pennsylvania itairoad, fell between two cars and was run over. His body was taken to the Morgue. His name is not known. Howard Hason, 21 years old of 134 Pacific avenus, Jer-sey City, a brakeman on the Central road, was hit by an overhead bridge at Communipaw avenue and knocked off the car. He was mortally injured.

Jimmy Hope Will Know To-day. At 10 o'clock this morning Jimmy Hope, the ex-burglar, will probably learn from Judge Wheeler whether he is to be set at liberty for the present or whether he will be handed over to the Cayuga county whether he will be handed over to the Cayuga county authorities to answer the indictment against him for breaking jail. His case came up in the intel States Circuit Court yesteriay, and after bearing both sides Judge Wheeler reserved his decision until this morning in order that he may look up the decisions of his prede-cessor is similar cases.

Lithographers to Demand Shorter Hours. The lithographers of the United States and The lithographers of the United States and Canada are to notify their employers on Jan 1 that nfw three hours shall constitute a week's work, to be determined by each shop arranging the hours per day to suit itself. A meeting under the acquices of shopodinate Association, No 1, of the Lithographers' international Protective and Insurance Association will be held this evening at Turn Hail to discuss the matter of shortening the hours.

Says He is a Sculptor. New Rochelle has in ite jail an Italian who

gives his name as Giovanni Bernard, and who has a dejusion that he is Jesus Christ. He appears to be able to speak several languages, and he says he is a sculptor. He will be saken to the Fiatbush Asylum to-day.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

DISTURD ALMANAC THIS DAY. 7 00 | Sun sets.... 4 82 | Moon ents... 8918 Sandy Hook, 6.09 | Goy, Island, 6 es | Hell Gate... 6 ins

Arrived-Wednesday, Dec. 4 A Prived - WEDNESDAY. Dec. 4.

Ra Circamia, Harria, Giaspow Nov. 21 and Maytile 224.

Ra Porthais, Edwards, Gibralian.

Ro Thames, Comilland, Gibralian.

Ro Thames, Comilland, Rydnay.

Ra Herparchua, Cadogar, Rio Janeira,

Ra Kainarchua, Cadogar, Rio Janeira,

Ra Kainarchua, Cadogar, Rio Janeira,

Ra Kainarchua, Rosson,

Ra Gen. Whitnay, Reare, Rosson,

Ra Gen. Whitnay, Reare, Rosson,

Rark Annie G. Whitnay, Smith, Montavidso,

Rark Gracia, Trapani, Alicante,

Bark Gracia, Trapani, Alicante,

Bark Gracia, Trapani, Luxier, Limerick,

Bark Emma Paysant, Daxier, Limerick,

Bark Emmerhaven, Nearenberg, Keskin,

Bark Hila Moore, Suthergreen, Nusvica,

[For later arrivals see Pirst Page. Se Otranto, from New York, at Newcastle. Se Lahn, from New York, at Southampton.

| | QUIGOING STEAMERIPS | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| ٤. | Sail To-day. | |
| | Alias, St. Marc. 11 1 CO. A. M. Clenfuegos, Clenfuegos, 1300 P. M. Colorado, Galvesion 1500 P. M. M. Michael III. London, Bermuda 1500 P. M. | Ferreis Saft. 1 00 A. M. 2 00 P. M. 3 00 P. M. 3 00 P. M. |
| | Richmond HH. London. Hetterdam, Notterdam. 200 P. M. Rugia, Hamburg State of Nebrasas, Glasgow. Sait To-morrous. | 4 00 P. M. 8 30 P. M. 8 00 A. M. |
| | Camerta, San Juan. 100 P. M. City of Savannah, Savannah Iroquoia, Jacksouville State of Texas, Fernandina | 3:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M. 3:00 P. M. 8:00 P. M. |
| | INCOMING STRANSHIPS. | |
| ı | Dun To-day. | |
| | Critic Shields Polaria Rictin Bioravia Rictin Bioravia Larne Caledonia Gibraitar Colorado Hull Richmond Hill Havre Teutonic Liverpool Westernland Dag Fridoy, Dec. 6. | Nov. 17 Nov. 20 Nov. 24 Nov. 19 Nov. 21 Nov. 27 |
| | Pereian Menarch London Bremen Bremen Pas Saturday Dec. 7. | Nov. 22 |
| | Bdam Amsterdam Due Sunday, Dec. 8. | Nov. 23 |
| THE PERSON NAMED IN | Gallieo Hull Ethiopia Movifis La Normandie Havee Ansanta Quessiawn. Essa Gentampton. State of Pouncytvania Larno. Due Mondoy, Dec. 8. | Nov. 28 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Galileo Hull Alene Port Limon Ema Brenen C(ty of Atlanta Havana | Nov. 30 |

Men's Underwear, fawn colored, all-wool cashnere, \$1.16 each: worsh \$2.50. Imported Kid lloves, point backs, newest shades, two patent fasten-ers, 67c.; worsh \$1.25. KKNNEDY, 26 Cortlandt st.

For the Aged. Merengthening, Flearing. "WAGNER'S INVANT FOOD."

Business Motices.

Barry's Tricopherous beautifies, invigorate Heep's Bress Shirts made to measure of or the cone better at any price. See and Sit Broadway.

MARRIED. ARNET-KEEN .-- On Dec. 3, by the Rev. M

George Thompson, Christian Arndt to Milly B. Kern, both of this city. MENDALL-SWIFT .- On Wednesday evening Nov. 27, by the Rev. Samuel H. Virgin, at 65 Weat 127th st. New York, the home of the bride, Mrs. Amanda Swift to John C. Kendall. KINGSFORD - HOW DOJN, -On Wednesday, Dec. 4, at Grace Church, by the Rev. Dr. Hunting-ton, assisted by the Bishop of New York, Fanny Hamilton, daughter of George & Bowdein, to Daulei

Parish Kingsford. RIME-PRIME,-At the residence of Mrs by the Rev. Dr. Wilds, Mrs. Anne Rhoda Prime to

ALENTINE-SMART,-On Wednesday, Dec. 4, 1860, at the residence of the bride, Nyack-on-Hudson, N. V., by the Rev. E. E. Thomas, Elizabeth Leicester Smart to Henry Martyn Valentine.

COUGHELIN,-On Dec. 4, Maurice Coughlin, be-loved husband of Bridges Coughlin, at his late resi-dence, 456 West 46th st. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DEDERER. On Tuesday, Dec. 3, at the residence of his son, 1,963 7th av., Harlem, Aaron M. Dederer of New Rochelle, aged 68 years. Funeral services will be held at 81. Paul's Church, East Chester, to day at 1:00 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited. Carriages will be in waiting at Mount Vernon upon the arrival of the train leaving Grand Central Deput at 12 o'clock noon, via New York and New Haven Railroad.

DE PEWSTER.—On Monday evening, Dec. 2, at the residence of his uncle, John Henry Livingston, 2,216 Wainut at., Philadelphia, Clermont Livingston De Payster, son of the late Frederick De Feyster. Jr., and Mary De Peyster.
The funeral services will be held at St. Paul's Church.

Tivoli, to-day at 2:80 P. M., upon arrival of the train leaving New York at 11:10 A.M. EDMONSTON.—At Montclair, N. J., Dea 2, Ritza-beth A. Edmonston, widow of Thomas S. Edmonston. Funeral services at her late residence to-day at 4 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are requested

to attend without further notice.
FOWLEY,-On Tuesday Dec. 3, at the residence of her brother in law, Jacob J. Fowley, 314 West 11th at Mrs. Annie Fowler, widow of Funeral Thursday, at 10 A. M., at St. Bernard's Church.

where a solemn requiem mass will be offered.

ORIGO.—At New Brunswick, N. J., Dec. 4, Amelia, widow of Thompson A. Grigg, aged 59 years. Funeral services from her late residence on Priday Dec. 6, at 8 e'clock. Interment at Hempstead, L. I. Saturday, at I o'clock.

MOTHE.—In town of Union, N. J., on Tuesday morn-ing, Dec. 3, of pieuro-pneumonia, Rudolph Kothe, son of William and Othlie Kothe, aged 7 years and 3 Funeral on Friday, Dec. 6, at 2 P. M., from 41 Union place.
JACOBS.—Mrs. Frederika Jacobs of Sydney, Onio.

Funeral to-day from 278 Columbia at., Brooklyn. MAUFF.—(in Monday, Dec. 2. Mary Agnes, widoow of William Maude, in the 522 year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, 177 Baltic st. to-day at 9 A. M.; thence to st. Peter's Church, cor

ner Warren and Hicks ats., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul Interment in the Cemetery of the Holy Cross. MeN EVIN -At her late residence, 101 West 48th at. Margaret McNevin, the beloved wife of William C. McNovin, and daughter of Margaret Devine. Funeral on Friday at 10 A. M. from her late residence; thence to the Church of the Sacred Heart, where a

mass of requiem will be celebrated. Interment at Calvary Cemetery. PAIN E.—On Monday, Dec. 2, of heart failure, James L. Paine, formerly of 834 West 31st st, aged 70 years Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 1,485 Broadway, this morning at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Hidgefield, N. J. PALM EM. -On Monday, Dec. 2, Ann B., wife of Dr.

N. Palmer, aged 69 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral from the residence of N. H. Wead, White Plains, today at it o'clock.

STEDMAN,—On Wednesday, Dec. 4 at the residence of her son, Dr. Thomas L. Stedman, 101 East.

57th st. Jans Trott relict of the late George T. Sted.

Interment at Norwich, Conn. Cincinnati and New London (Conn.) papers please MM A L.L. -On Dec. 3, Jessie M. Small, aged 35 years Belatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services from her late residence on Thursday at 10:30 A. M. Interment at St. Michael's

Special Notices.

COD LIVER OFL., This invaluable medicine for weak inngs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co.'s EMULSION of COD LIVER OIL, with PEPSIN and QUININE, entirely overcomes these objections. SEE LETTERS FROM LEADING PHYSICIANS TO CARWELL MASSEY & CO., 1,121 B'dway, 57e 5th av., New York, and Newport, B. 1

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP lias been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDEBN WHILE TEETHING WITH PERPECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILL SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIN COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHIEA. Sold by druggists injevery part of the world. 25c. a bottle. STOP THAT COLD BRAUGHT Ry using Roebuck's Weather Strips on your doors and windows. Estimates given at Roebuck's, It's Pulton st. telephone call. Assaut. 215.

Two Queer Facts from Maine.

BANGOR, Dec. 4 .- Mrs. Almira Grace of North BANGOR, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Almira Grace of North Baco. 80 years of age, has never seen a railroad train and never been in Saco-in fact, never been more than a mile from home. She can neither read nor write, but converses very intelligently, baving picked up a great deal of general knowledge from those with whom she has come in contact. The greater part of her life has been passed in out-of-doors employment and she is in excellent health.

Lewiston's Yankee stock is setting preity well thinned out. Of the young neople is that city between the ages of 5 and 21 years out if 584 are the children of naive parents while 6.09 are of foreign parentage—1.848 of those latter being of Irlah and 2,806 of French blood. Mew Bublienstens.

CHRISTMAS

NUMBER OF

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

24 Pages for 10 cents.

Colored Supplement.

"The British Occupation of New Amsterdam," a characteristic scene of old New York life, from the painting by T. da Thulstrup, is reproduced as a double-page in colors. Henry Loomis Nelson tells the story of the meture.

Boston and Lynn Fires. A double-page of views before and after the

fire in Boston; and a page of views of the fire in Lynn, are among the timely contents. Yale vs. Princeton.

The recent Thanksgiving Day game is illustrated in a graphic double-page plature drawn by T. de Thulstrup; a vivid descripe tion of the contest is given in the accompanying text.

Brilliant Stories.

George A. Hibbard contributes "Papoose," a novelette of New York life, illustrated by W. T. Smedley; and Clarence Pullen, "Christmas at the Hacienda," a tale of New Mexico, illustrated by Frederic Remington.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

Published Wednesday, December 4th. 24 pages, and special holiday cover, to cents, \$4 a year, postage free. SUBSCRIBE NOW,

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PRICE. THE LONDON GRAPHIC. WOLLY LEAVES CHATTERBOX CHRISTMAN-BOX LABYS PICTORIAL
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PARIS ILLUSTRE
LE PIGARO ILLUSTRE The Pinest Christmas Numbers in the World.

All of them contain colored pictures which are GEMS OF ART. Subgeriptions received for any Fereign Periodical, THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS COMPANY.

88 and 85 Duane St., New York. ONE BOOR EAST OF BROADWAY.

Personal Motices. STEAMBOAT, BUITH NORWALK -F. L. Marens STEAMBOAT. THE RECTION of officers of the Union Foat Club takes place this evening, and for Captain, P. J.

Lost and Found.

OST-Lady's gold watch, chain and charm, room I Broadway and likh at to 3d av. elevated and ferry; reward and no questions asked for return. A. M. BROWN, 94 4th place, Brooklyn. L 195th est waiting room down town: bavalets stopped. MRE ANNE E. SCHEDER, 121 West 12.12 st., New York. LOST or left on west side, a brown value containing waterproof and soat; \$5 reward for leaving it as Cosmopolitan Hotel.

Bublie Motires.

POST OFFICE NUTICE.

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for despatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to assent dapticates of banking and commercial documents. Fetters not specially addressed being sent by the fast est vessels available.

Foreign mails for the west, ending her. Twill close optomptly in all cases; at the office as follows:

THURNIAY - At 5. A. M. for Para and Mansos, per steamship Jerome, at 11 A. M. for Fortune Island and Hayl, per steamship Algan Cetters for cavanilla. Ac.

Thirderian.—At 3. A. N. for Fara and Manage, per atomistic Jerome, at 1. A. M. for Fortuna Island and high bedreches and Alan (electer for overanina, 4cc., per atomistic Jerome, at 1. A. M. for Fortuna Island and high bedreches Alan (electer for overanina, 4cc., per atomistic Jerome, at 1. P. M. for Bernalds, per atomistic Jerome, at 1. P. M. for Bernalds, per atomistic Jerome, at 1. P. M. for Bernalds, per atomistic Jerome, at 1. P. M. for Bernalds, per atomistic Jerome, and Jerome, Jerome, and Jerome, a

M. for Porte Sido, per steamship I samerata; at 3 P. M for Susselids per steamship I samerata; at 3 P. M for Susselids per steamship I samerata; from New Orleans
SUNDAY—At 3 P. M. for Bocas del Toro, per steamship dusts from New Orleans
Mails for the Stawalian Standay per steamship Australia. New Mealand I same and the Mails for Australia. New Mealand I samena fissalids, per steamship for Stammen Standay arrana with British mails for Australia, Mails for this and Japan, per steamship fissalic (from San Francisco), close here Dec. W at 7 P. M. Mails for this send Japan, per steamship fissalic (from San Francisco), close here Dec. W at 7 P. M. Mails for the Society Islanda per ship Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here Dec. W at 7 P. M. Mails for the Society Islanda per ship Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here Dec. W at 7 P. M. Mails for Cuba by rall to Tama. Flas, and thence by steamer, via key West, Fla. diose at this office daily at 200 A. M.

The schedule of Colosing of Trans-Pacific mails is assumed on the presumption of their uninterrupted overstand transit to San Trans-Cach. Mails from the Stat arrection on time at San Transisco on the day of sailing of their on time at San Transisco on the day of sailing of State of the San Transisco on the day of sailing of State of San Transisco on the day of sailing of San Transisco on the san day of San Transisco on the san day of San Trans

Miscellaneous.

BRUSHES of every description at 316 Fearlat, op-posite Feck slip, lowest prices. I GUARANTEE A CURE for cancer, Incident Con-sumption, pneumonia, Carbancies, Liver Complaint, Felons fore Breasts, Catarris, sail difficulties of a sim-liar nature: moderate experise. El-WARD WAMSLEY, No. 1,025 Madison av., 5 to 9 4. M. Olico, 265 6th av., 9 A. M. to 3:30 F. M.

I FYOU WANT the best fitting and most perfect gloves, at lowest prices, call at JAMMES's, 15 West Such at Eight button Trouville, 85 cents. SEAL NEWMARK! T JACKET AND MUPP monkey Scapes and trimmings at sacrifice; little shopwore. FELTMAN, 113 West freedway.

Office gurniture.

DERES AND OFFICE, PURSITURE IN GREAT VA. HIT FULTON ST. DESES-Best, chrac est in the market; roll tops flat, and standing dest, a HARBERGER, 488 Cons.

Billiards.

BILLIARD and pool tables and all kinds billiard ma-terial: lowest prices GRIFFITH CO., 16 4th av. Enst-off Clothing.

HIGHEST PRICE paid for gentlemen's cast-off clothing. Call or address.

JAMES CAMPBELL, 802 7th ev.

Loans. GANS ON FURNITURE IN USE. EASY PAT-

Too Late for Classification.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, large and small: location central. 212 West 45d st., city. 237 WEST 23D ST.—Riegant second floor, cont prices; references exchanged.